

Memories and NASA Spacecraft: Part 2 – Future Developments

Kenneth A. LaBel

Co- Manager,

NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging (NEPP) Program

NASA/GSFC

ken.label@nasa.gov

301-286-9936

<http://nepp.nasa.gov>

Timothy Oldham, Dell/PSGS – NASA/GSFC



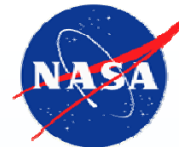
Abstract

- **In this presentation, we delineate the NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging (NEPP) approach to future NVM evaluation and qualification efforts**



Outline of Presentation

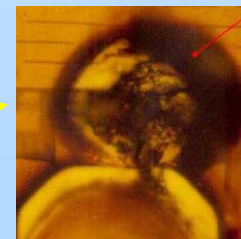
- **NEPP Overview**
- **NEPP General FY11 Plans**
- **NEPP and NVMs**

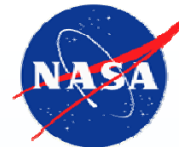


NEPP Overview

- NEPP supports all of NASA for >20 years
 - 7 NASA Centers and JPL actively participate
- The NEPP Program focuses on the reliability aspects of electronic devices
 - Three prime technical areas: *Parts (die), Packaging, and Radiation*
- Alternately, reliability may be viewed as:
 - Lifetime, inherent failure and design issues related to the electronic parts technology and packaging,
 - Effects of space radiation and the space environment on these technologies, and
 - Creation and maintenance of the assurance support infrastructure required for mission success.
- NEPP does not qualify specific devices, but determines HOW to qualify as well as investigating new radiation/reliability concerns

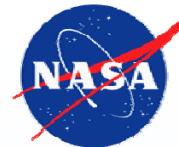
*Electrical overstress failure
in a commercial electronic device*



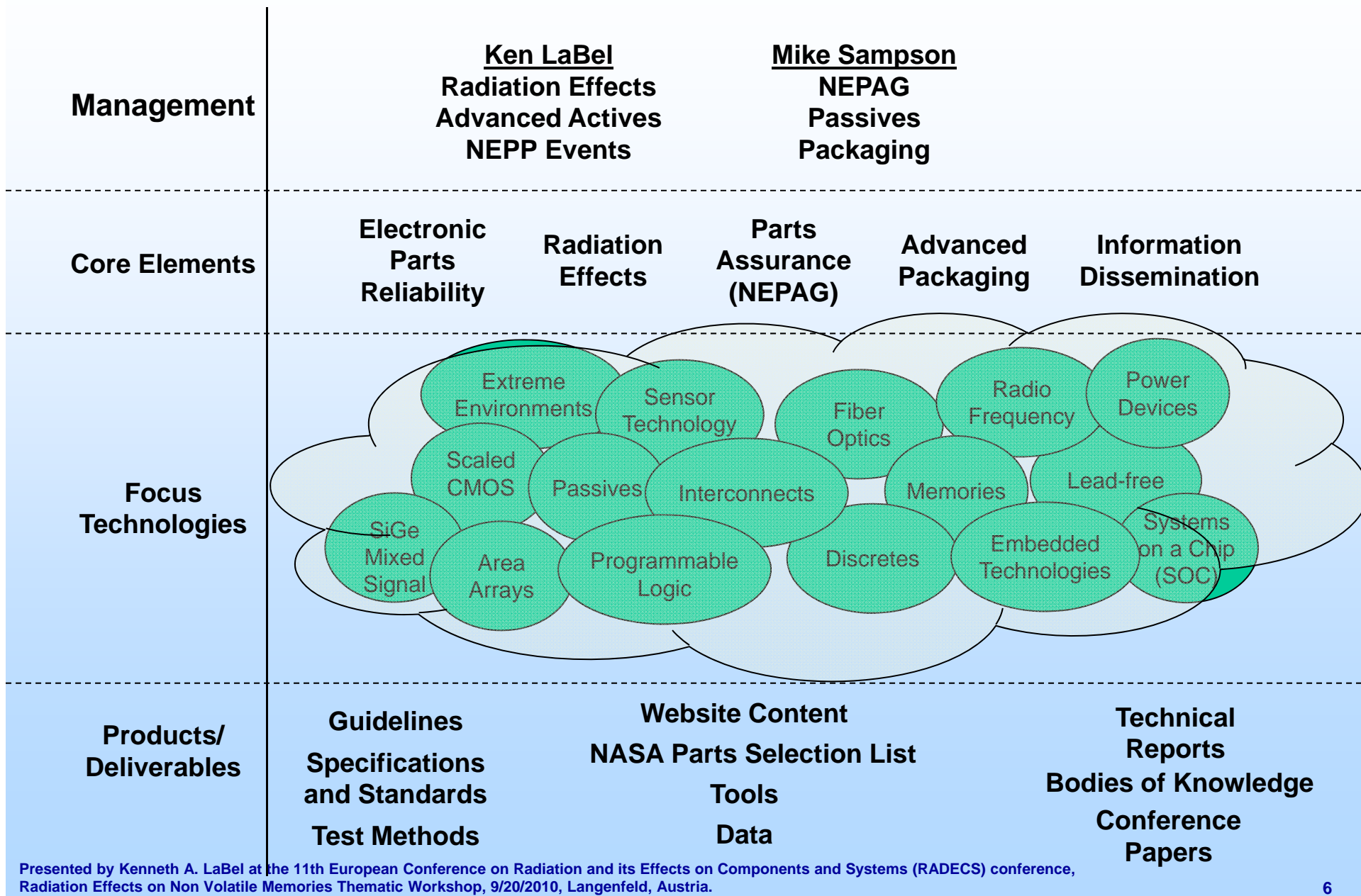


NEPP Works Two Sides of the Equation

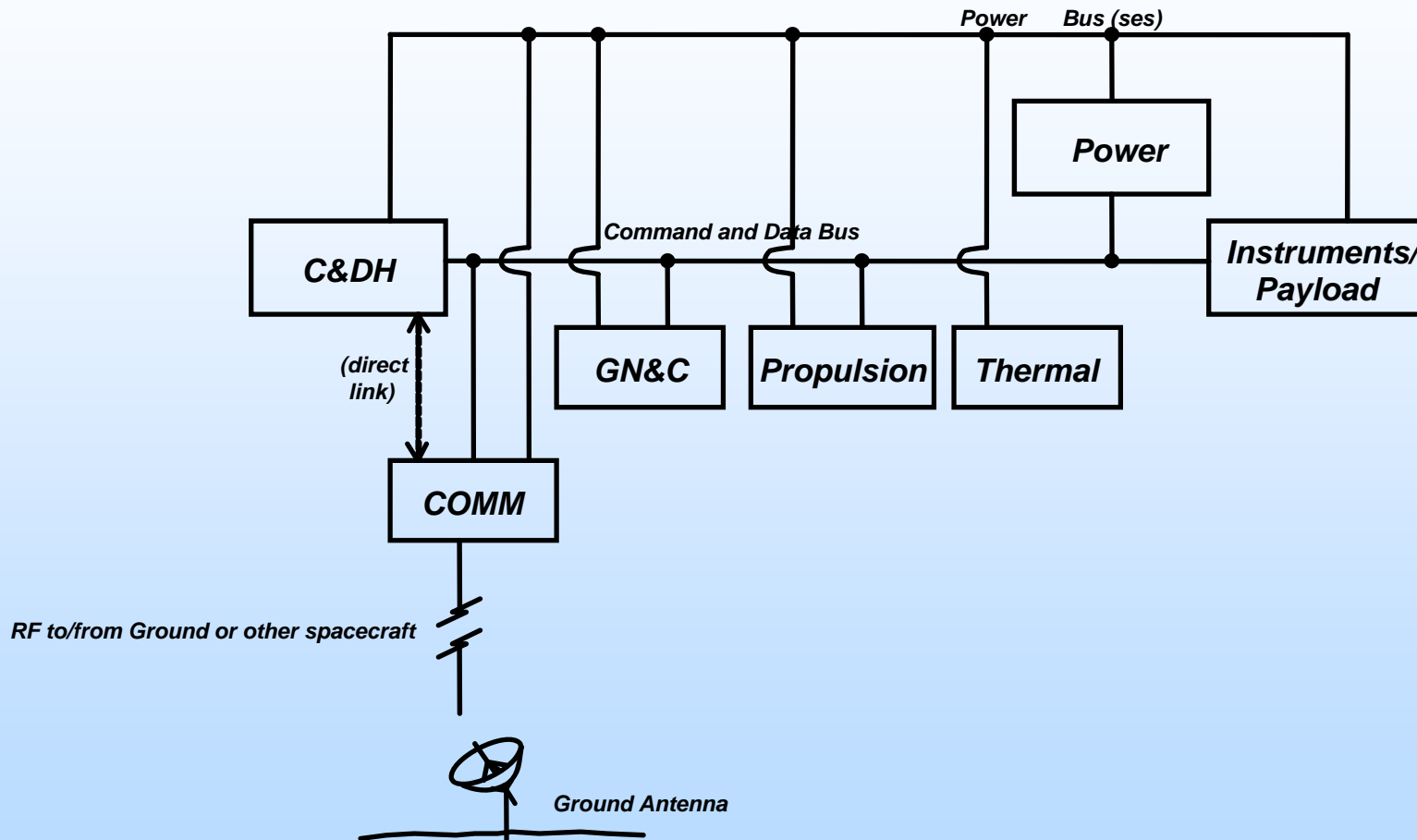
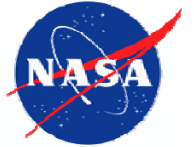
- **Assurance**
 - *Issues that are applicable to space systems being designed and built (i.e., currently available technologies)*
 - **Examples**
 - Cracked capacitors
 - DC-DC converter reliability
 - Enhanced Low Dose Rate Sensitivity (ELDRS)
 - **Communication infrastructure via website and working groups**
 - **NASA Electronic Parts Assurance Group (NEPAG)**
 - **Audit and review support**
- **New electronics technology**
 - *Issues that are applicable to the next generation of space systems in conceptualization or preliminary design*
 - **Examples**
 - 45-90 nm CMOS
 - SiGe
 - State-of-the-art FPGAs
 - **Collaboration with manufacturers and government programs for test, evaluation, and modeling**
 - **Development of new predictive performance tools**



The NEPP Program



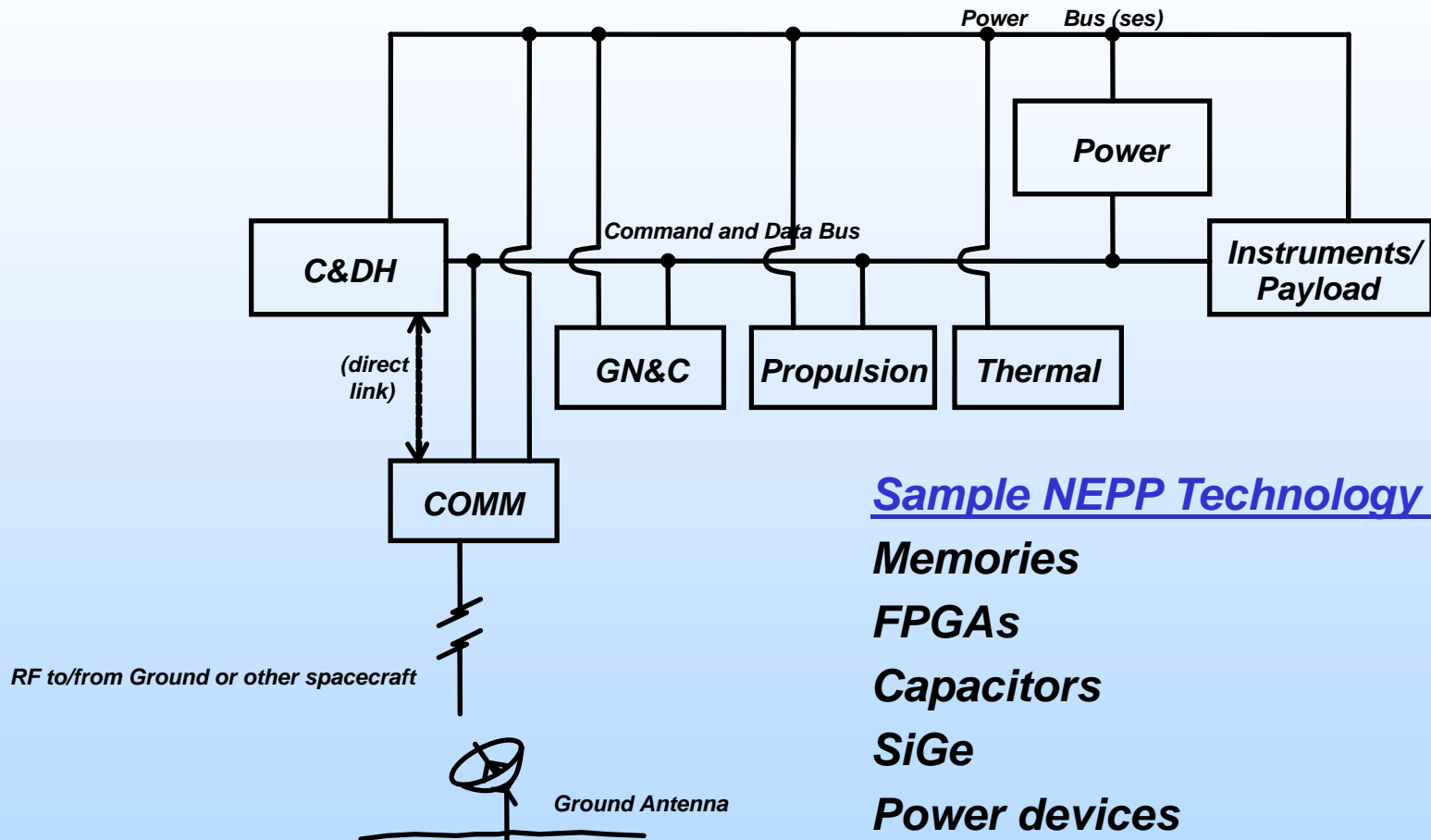
Typical Spacecraft Electrical Architecture



Typical Spacecraft Electrical Architecture



The 90/90 Goal



Sample NEPP Technology Areas

Memories

FPGAs

Capacitors

SiGe

Power devices

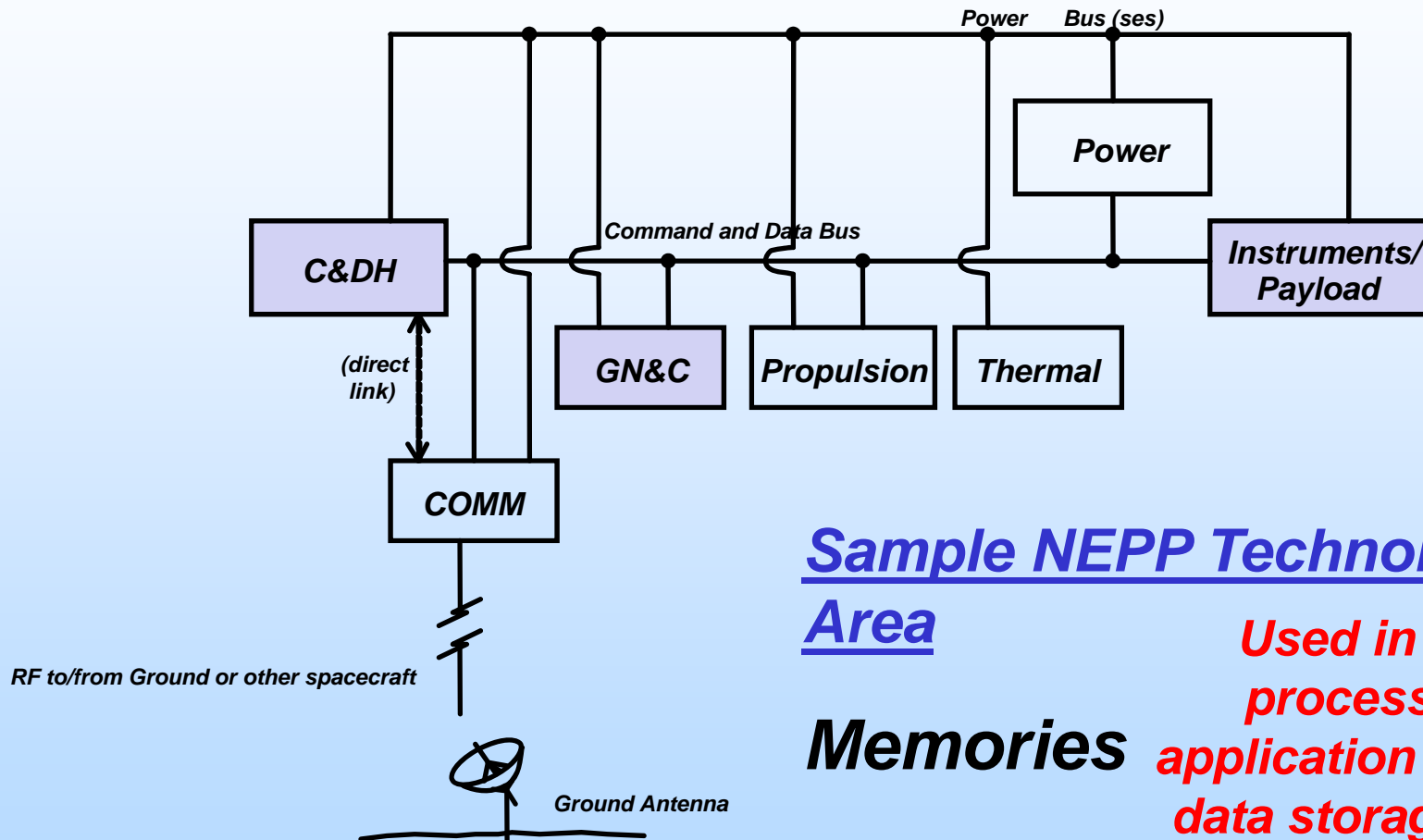
90% of NEPP efforts should support

90% of NASA flight missions

Typical Spacecraft Electrical Architecture



The 90/90 Goal - Example



Sample NEPP Technology Area

Memories

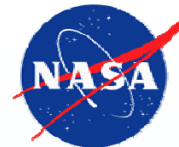
Used in any processing application and for data storage on a spacecraft.

Generic issue!



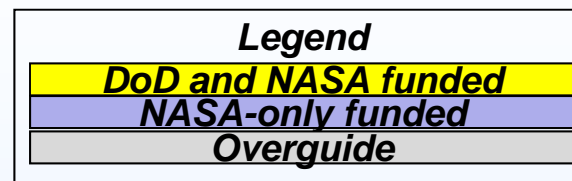
NEPP Has a Wide Range of Efforts

- **Tasks vary extensively in the technologies of interest**
 - Building blocks like capacitors
 - Standard products like DC-DC Converters, linear bipolar devices, and A-to-D Converters
 - New commercial devices such as FPGAs and memories
 - Test structures on emerging commercial or radiation hardened technologies
 - Specialized electronics such as IR arrays and fiber optics
 - New assurance methods and investigations
- **Currently in FY11 planning cycle**
 - ***PRELIMINARY PLANS FOLLOW***
 - Active devices only shown (packaging, NEPAG – not shown)

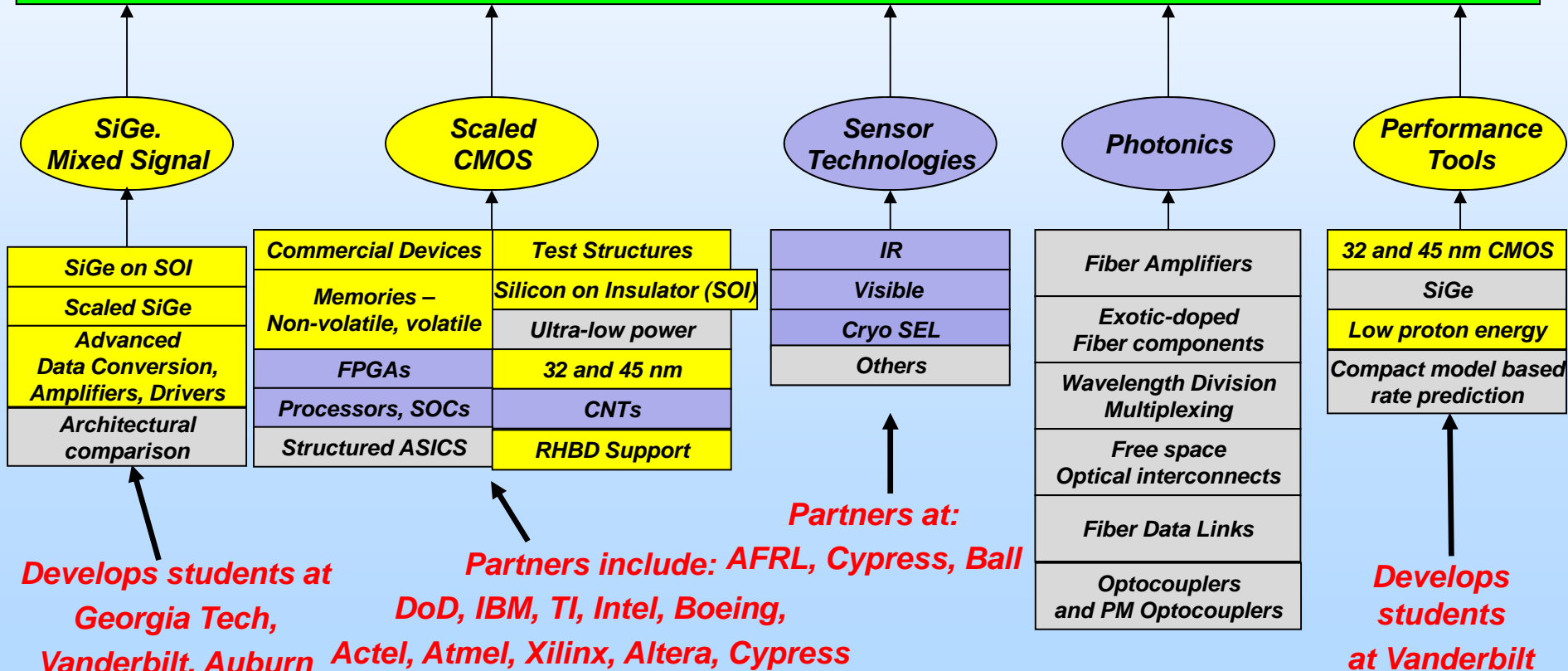


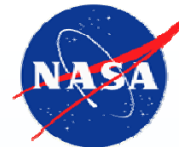
FY11 Radiation Plans for NEPP Core (1)

Core Areas are Bubbles;
Boxes underneath are variable tasks in each core



NEPP Research Categories – Active Electronics



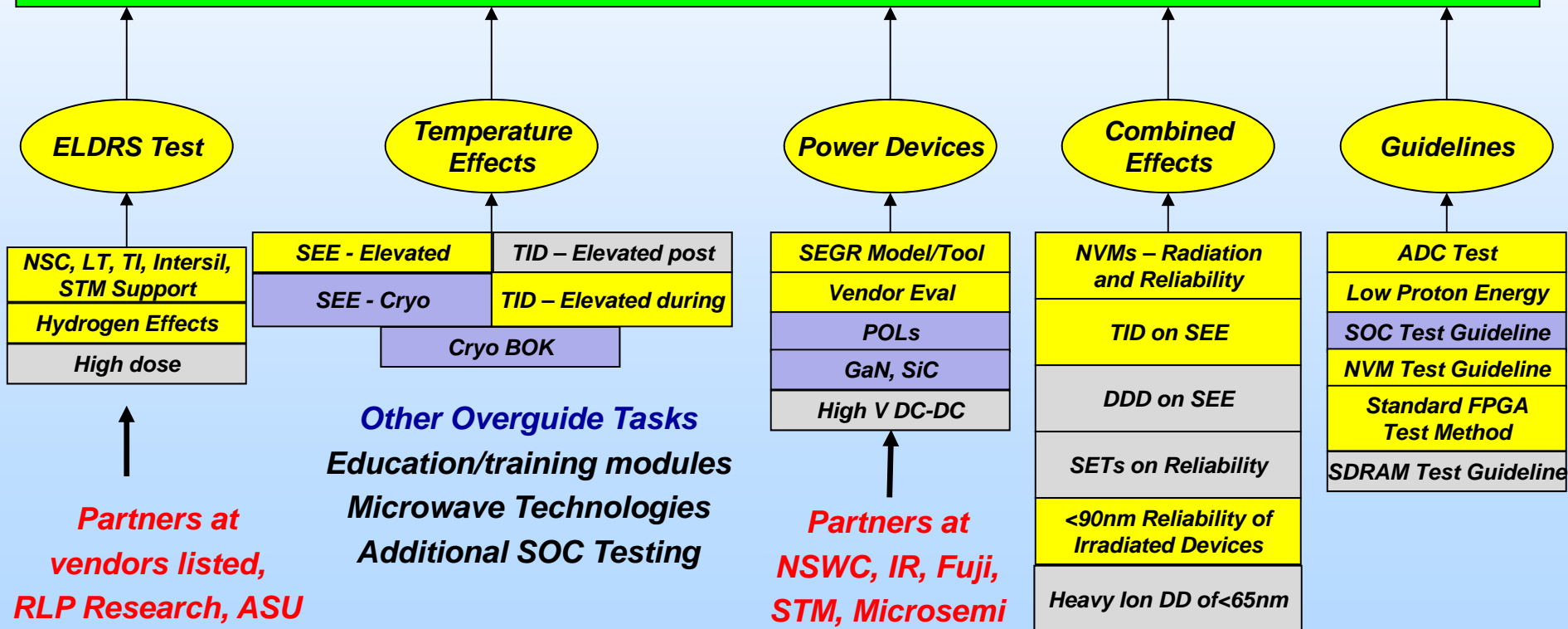


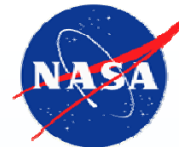
FY11 Radiation Plans for NEPP Core (2)

Core Areas are Bubbles;
Boxes underneath are variable tasks in each core

Legend	
DoD and NASA funded	
NASA-only funded	
Overguide	

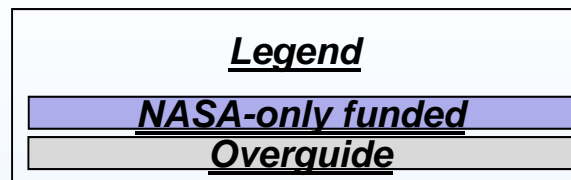
NEPP Research Categories – Hardness Assurance



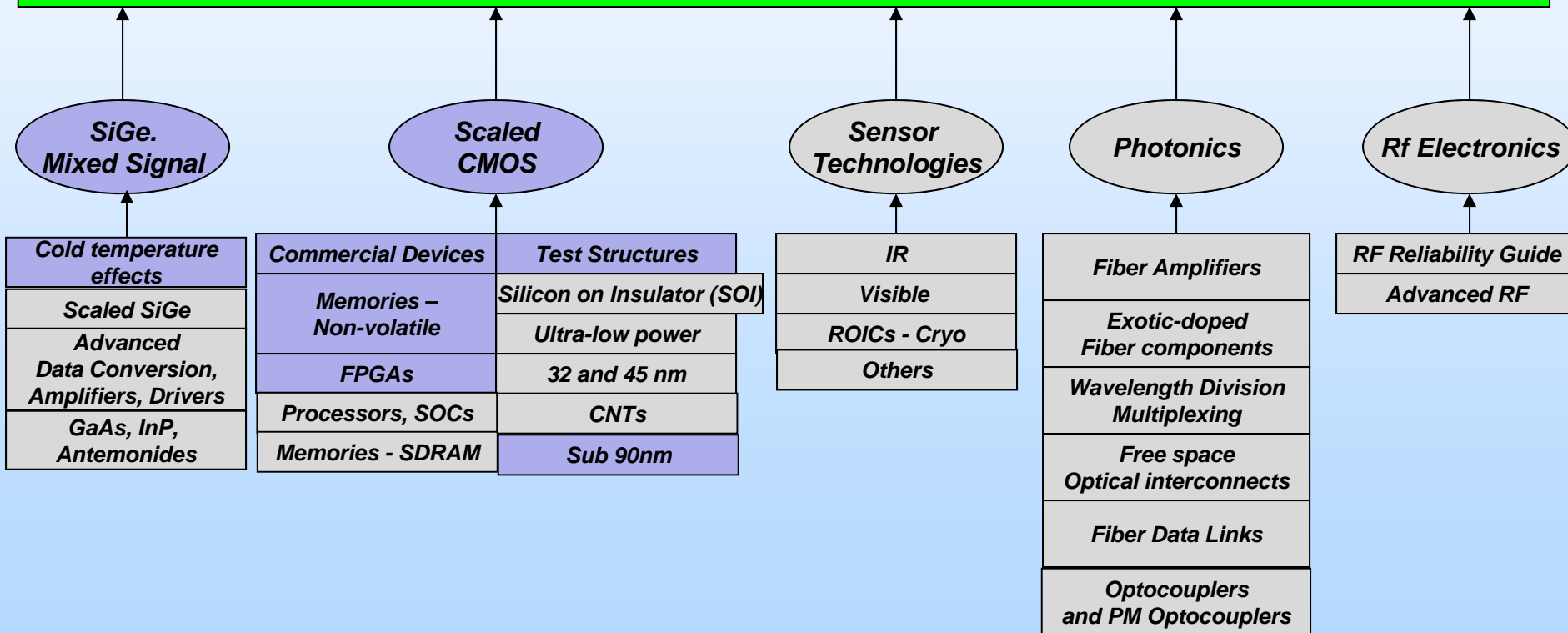


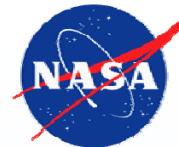
FY11 Parts Plans for NEPP Core (1)

Core Areas are Bubbles;
Boxes underneath are variable tasks in each core



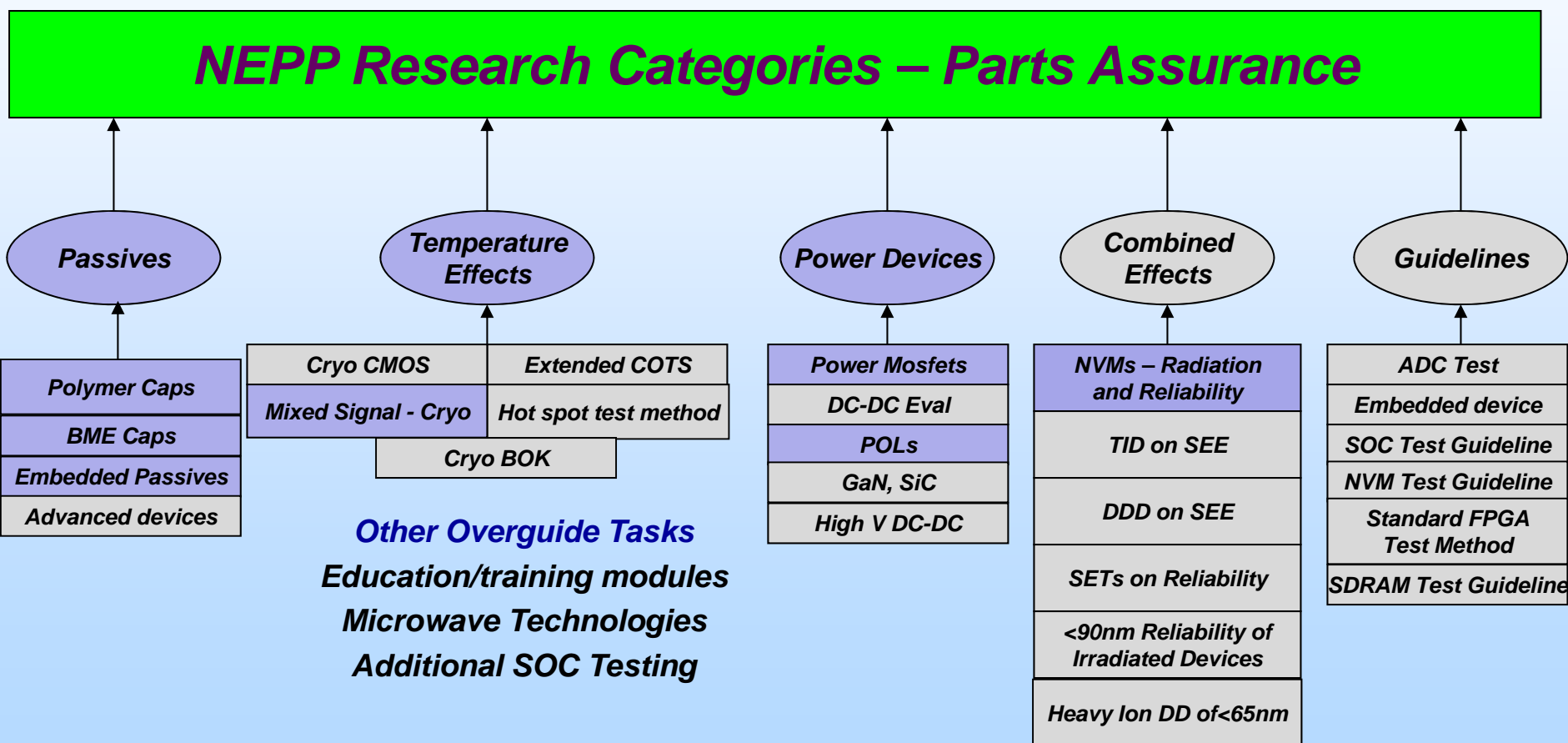
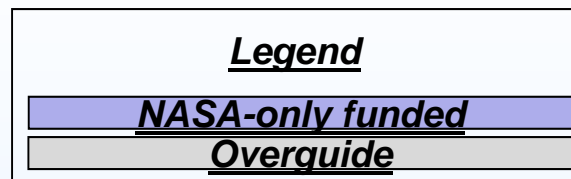
NEPP Research Categories – Parts Assurance





FY11 Parts Plans for NEPP Core (2)

Core Areas are Bubbles;
Boxes underneath are variable tasks in each core





NEPP and Memories

- **Top level agenda**
 - Evaluate scaled commercial SDRAMs and NVMs
 - Radiation tests first
 - *If reasonable, reliability and combined radiation/reliability*
 - Work with new memory technologies and manufacturers considering entry into Mil/Aero market
 - PCM
 - MRAM
 - RRAM
 - DDR3, and so on
 - *We do not QUALIFY devices, but evaluate suitability of devices and determine appropriate qualification methods and physics of failure*



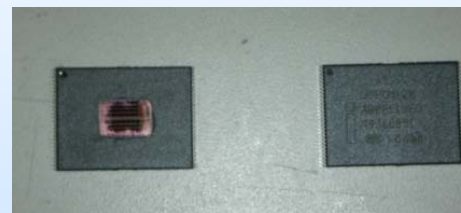
NEPP Radiation Evaluations - NVM

- **Commercial Flash Memories**
 - **Manufacturers evaluated (1-32 Gb per device)**
 - **Micron, Samsung, Hynix, ...**
 - **TID is mostly > 50 krads-Si**
 - **Biased/unbiased tests**
 - **Low and high dose rate tests (only Samsung showed significant improvement at low dose rates)**
 - **Most NVM cells have fairly good SEU tolerance and it's the surrounding circuits that have SEU sensitivity**
 - **SEL varies by manufacturer**
 - » **Current spikes noted during some heavy ion tests are being evaluated**
 - **SEFIs are a prime issue**
 - **Focus has been on Single Level Cell - SLC**
 - **Multi Level Cell - MLC has lower cell margins and data shows typically less radiation tolerance**
 - **Further scaled, MLC, and higher density to be evaluated in FY11**



Alternate Material NVMs – Repeat from This Morning

- Alternate material NVMs – evaluated as devices become available
 - Expect cell integrity to perform fairly well under irradiation on most NVMs
 - LaBel’s Truism:
 - *There are ALWAYS more challenges in “qualifying” a new technology device than expected*
- Phase change memories (PCM)
 - Density, speed, and power look promising
 - Temperature is the challenge
 - Ex., Samsung, Numonyx – initial data taken
- MRAM
 - Spin Torque appears to improve SWaP metrics
 - Ex., Avalanche Technologies
- Resistive Memories
 - Ex., Unity Semiconductor, HP Labs
 - Unity’s talking about a 64Gb device by next summer!
- NVSRAMs
 - Ex. Cypress
- CNT

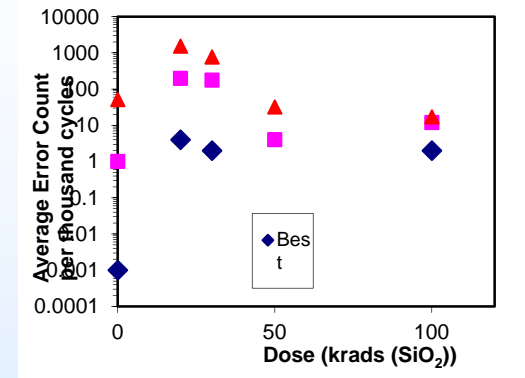


Numonyx PCM –

Combining Radiation and Reliability - NVMs



- FY09 began new studies on Flash memories combining TID with endurance
 - **Result:** TID did NOT degrade endurance properties at room temperature
- Considerations for FY11
 - Perform TID and lifetime/data retention tests
 - Must be carefully planned since high temperature typically used for accelerated life/retention tests has two inherent issues with Flash/NVM
 - Anneals radiation damage
 - May cause bit flips above commercial operating temperatures
 - Develop radiation qualification guideline document
 - Continue efforts on reliability – latency, bit disturb, et al



New Flash Memory Tester
- TID, Reliability, and Combined Effects