



NASA EXPLORES

Efficient and Effective Requirements Development for Civil Exploration Missions

Jonathan “Jonny” Pellish

NASA Electronic Parts Manager

Deputy Manager, NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging (NEPP) Program

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Acknowledgements

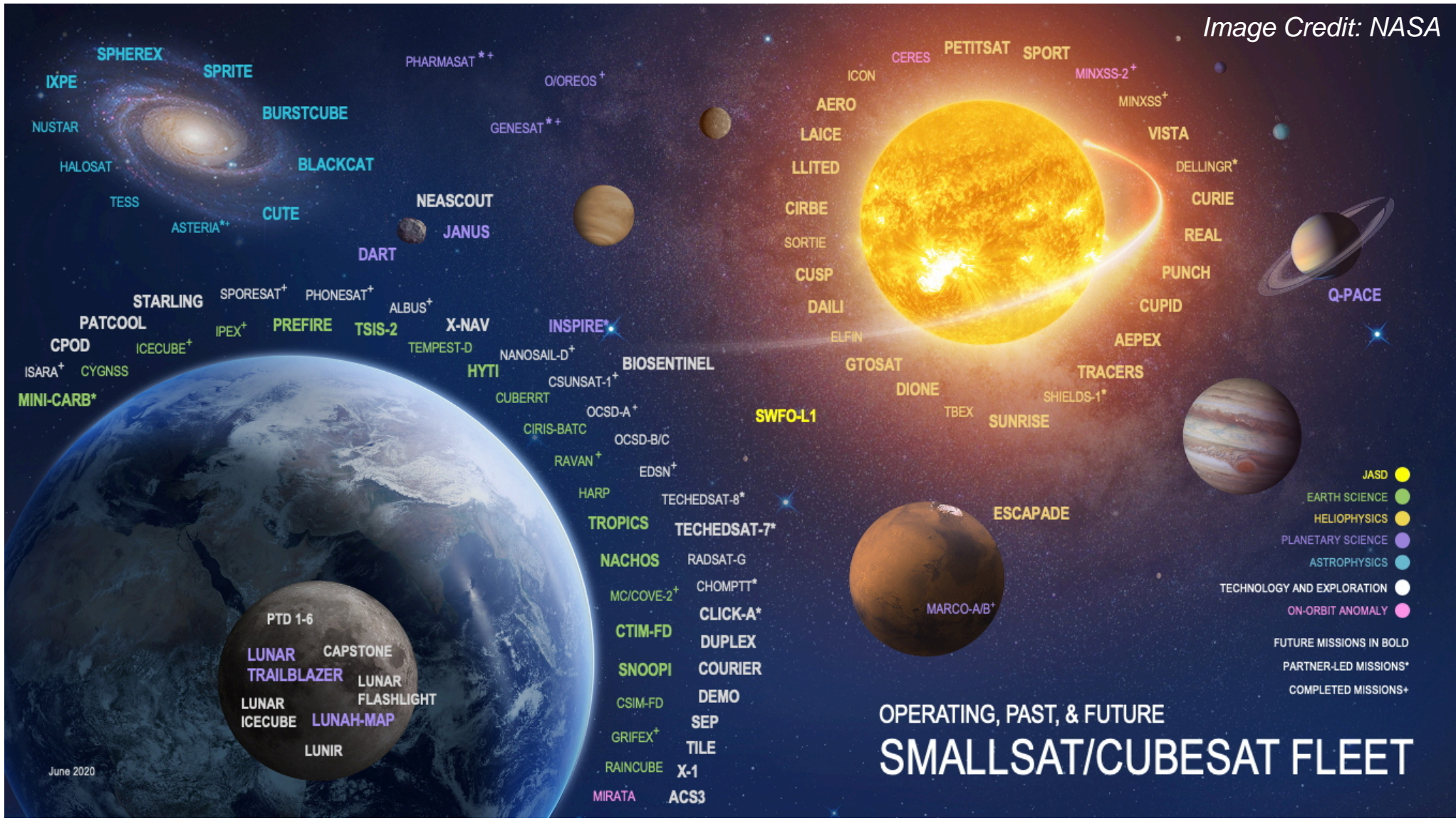
- NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging (NEPP) Program
 - <https://nepp.nasa.gov/>
- NASA Engineering and Safety Center (NESC)
 - <https://www.nasa.gov/nesc>
- NASA colleagues and community peers



Outline

- Why bother updating our requirements development and validation approach?
 - Decision and information velocity
 - Radiation effects has advanced considerably over the past 10-20 years
- Move towards updated guidelines for radiation hardness assurance in an era of rapid exploration expansion and electrical, electronic, electromechanical, and electro-optical (EEEE) parts and components diversity
- We also have new ways to view and decompose system safety objectives – such as goal structuring notation and model-based engineering (e.g., [NASA-STD-8729.1](#) [NASA Reliability & Maintainability Standard for Spaceflight and Support Systems])

Size, Weight, and Power (SWaP) Demands



Artemis Program

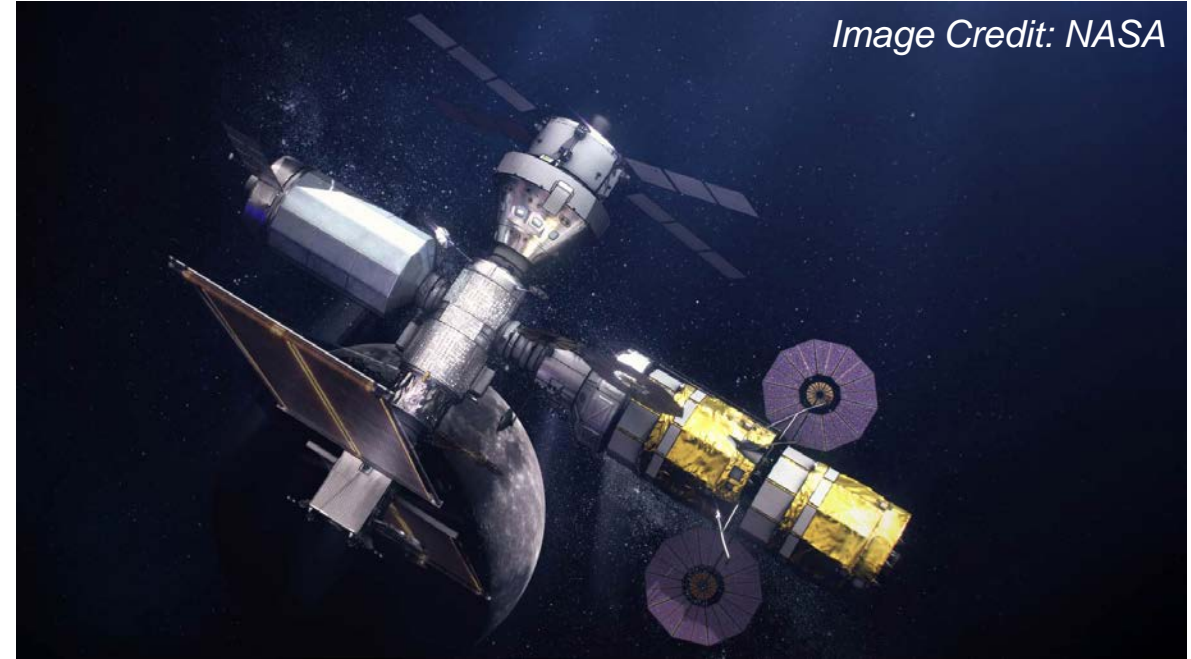
Technology expectations and exploration requirements

Image Credit: NASA



Human Landing Systems & Artemis-
Generation Spacesuits

Image Credit: NASA



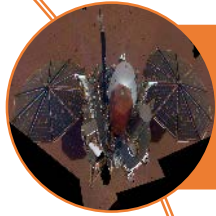
Gateway, Orion, and the Space Launch
System



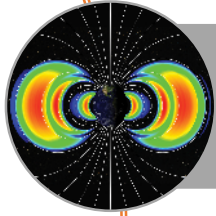
The background of the slide is a composite image of space. The top half features a dark blue and black sky with a bright, glowing blue nebula on the right side. The bottom half transitions into a warmer, orange and yellow glow, also filled with numerous stars and smaller, less distinct nebulae. The text is centered in a white, sans-serif font.

Radiation Hardness Assurance (RHA) Guideline Development

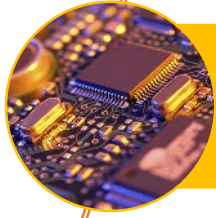
Complete & Synchronous System View



Mission



Environment



Application



Lifetime

- Comprehension requires a complete synchronous vision of how technologies are to be used effectively
- Considerations summarized in these elements allow designers to effectively choose EEEE parts for their best performance in a given architecture
- Emphasizing one of these elements without understanding the others can compromise the integrity and performance of the parts and mission success

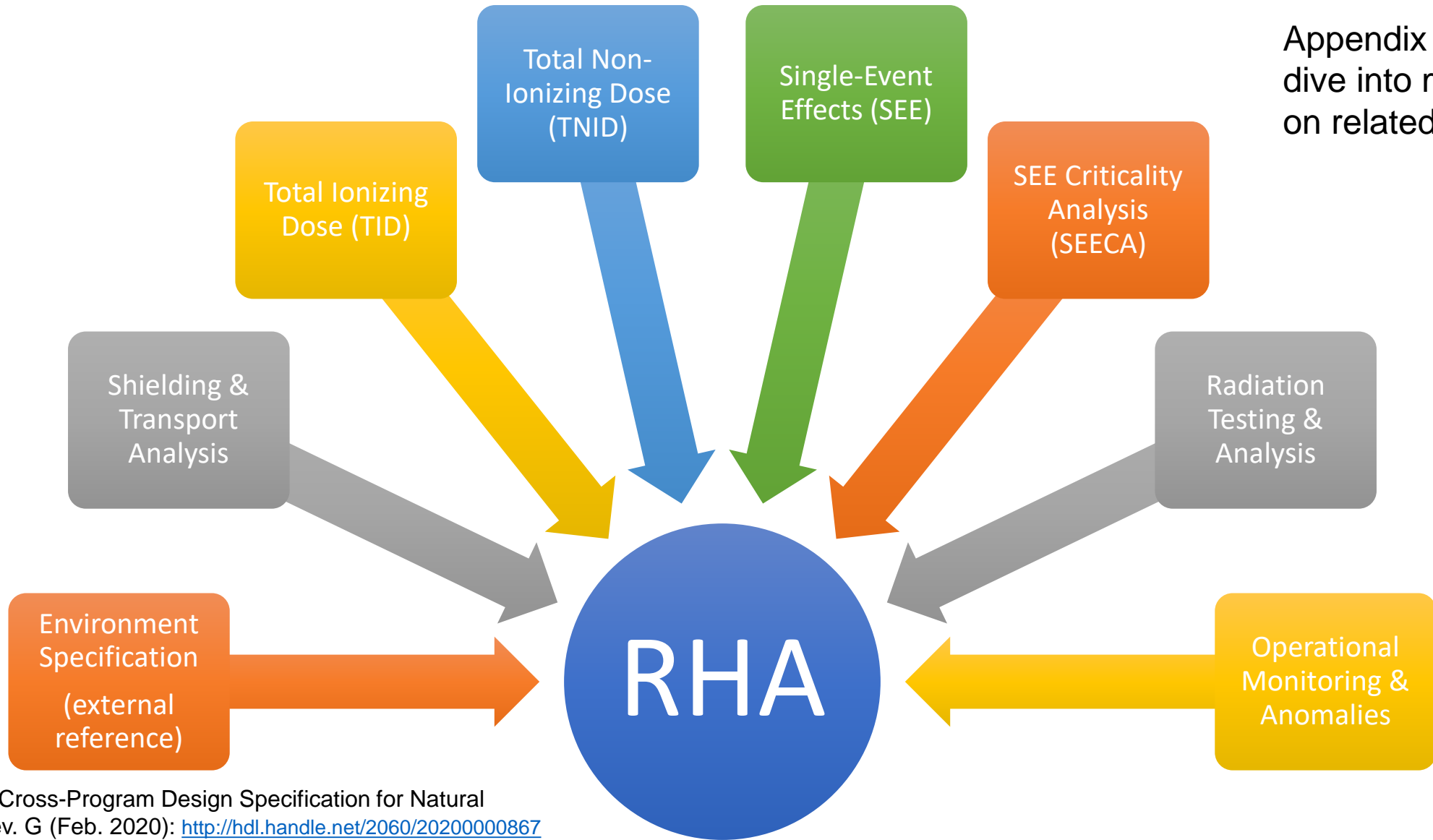
Images Credit: NASA

Adapted from NASA Technical Report TM-2018-220074

Guideline Development for Avionics RHA

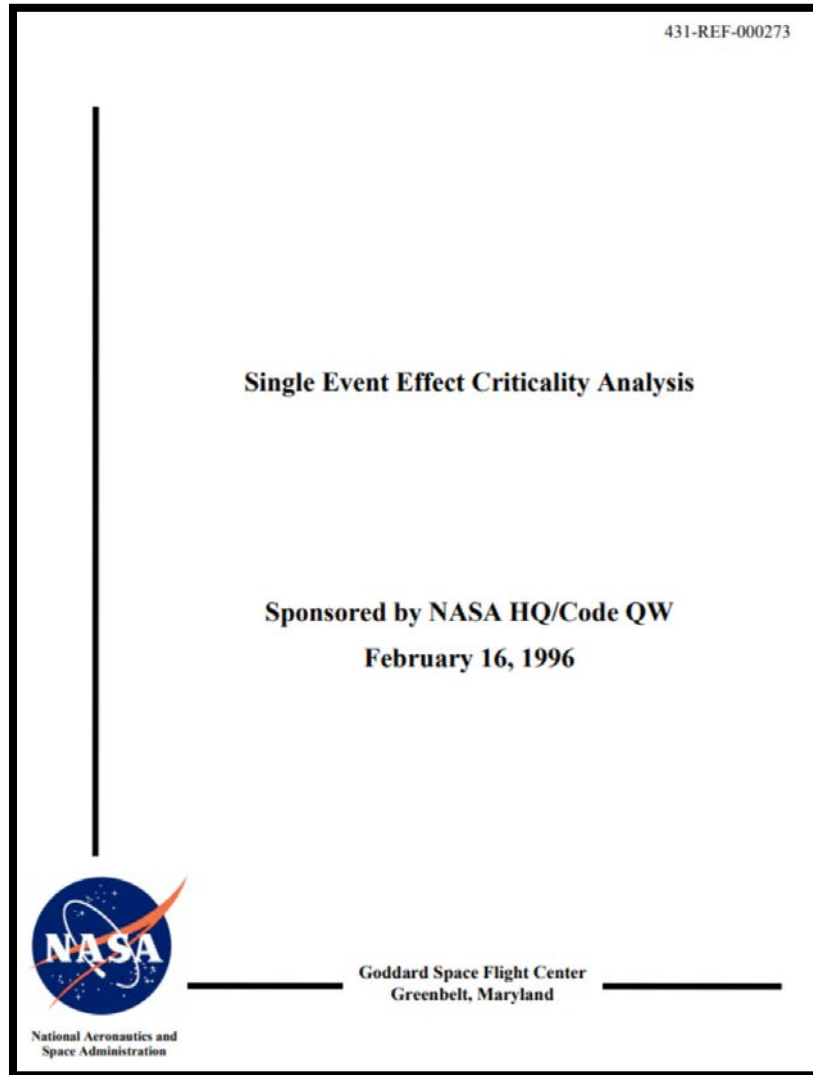
- Support the Artemis Program's objectives for human-rated vehicle functionality beyond low earth orbit – and provide benefits to NASA's other mission directorate lines of business
- Document current state-of-the-practice and evolution over past two decades
- Focus on defining radiation effects' impacts in terms of system availability & reliability to provide consistency
- Incorporate recent developments in environment specification and probability of success calculations – such as...
 - M. A. Xapsos et al., "Inclusion of Radiation Environment Variability in Total Dose Hardness Assurance Methodology," in *IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci.*, vol. 64, no. 1, pp. 325-331, Jan. 2017.
- Reinforce existing and new methodologies for TID, TNID, and single-event effects testing and analysis, including stipulations for commercial-off-the-shelf and new technologies

Proposed RHA Guideline Contents



SLS-SPEC-159: Cross-Program Design Specification for Natural Environments Rev. G (Feb. 2020): <http://hdl.handle.net/2060/20200000867>

SEE Criticality Analysis (SEECA)



- Blast from past, but perhaps remains more relevant than ever
- SEECA fuses radiation effects from the part- to the system-level
- “Criticality classes” are unique in that they capture the consequence of unintended operation at the system-level
 - Bottom-up and top-down linkage is essential for good engineering communication
 - Can help more easily address both availability & reliability constraints

<https://radhome.gsfc.nasa.gov/radhome/papers/seecai.htm>



Summary

- We must evolve with our mission requirements and engineering intents – in the face of ever-increasing challenges
- Radiation hardness assurance can leverage prior art and recent innovations to yield new frameworks that support new mission objectives



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Leading Discovery, Improving Life on Earth



Acronyms

Abbreviation	Definition
EEEE	Electrical, electronic, electromechanical, and electro-optical
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
MBMA	Model-Based Mission Assurance
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NEPP	NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging (Program)
NESC	NASA Engineering and Safety Center
RHA	Radiation Hardness Assurance
SEE	Single-Event Effects
SEECA	SEE Criticality Analysis
TID	Total Ionizing Dose
TNID	Total Non-Ionizing Dose
Trans. Nucl. Sci.	Transactions on Nuclear Science